



OWNER'S MANUAL



CT090- 15" PLANER W/STAND & ROLLERS



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SAFETY RULES

Woodworking can be dangerous if safe and proper operating procedures are not followed. As with all machinery, there are certain hazards involved with the operation of the product. Using the machine with respect and caution will considerably lessen the possibility of personal injury. However, if normal safety precautions are overlooked or ignored, personal injury to the operator may result. Safety equipment such as guards, push sticks, hold-downs, featherboards, goggles, dust masks and hearing protection can reduce your potential for injury. But even the best guard won't make up for poor judgment, carelessness or inattention. Always use common sense and exercise caution in the workshop. If a procedure feels dangerous, don't try it. Figure out an alternative procedure that feels safer. **REMEMBER:** Your personal safety is your responsibility.

This machine was designed for certain applications only. Craftex strongly recommends that this machine not be modified and/or used for any application other than that for which it was designed. If you have any questions relative to a particular application, **DO NOT** use the machine until you have first contacted us to determine if it can or should be performed on the product.

WARNING: FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE RULES MAY RESULT IN SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY

1. FOR YOUR OWN SAFETY, READ INSTRUCTION MANUAL BEFORE OPERATING THE TOOL. Learn the tool's application and limitations as well as the specific hazards peculiar to it.

2. KEEP GUARDS IN PLACE and in working order.

3. ALWAYS WEAR EYE PROTECTION.

4. GROUND ALL TOOLS. If tool is equipped with three-prong plug, it should be plugged into a three-hole electrical receptacle. If an adapter is used to accommodate a two-prong receptacle, the adapter lug must be attached to a known ground. Never remove the third prong.

5. REMOVE ADJUSTING KEYS AND WRENCHES. Form habit of checking to see that keys and adjusting wrenches are removed from tool before turning it "on".

6. KEEP WORK AREA CLEAN. Cluttered areas and benches invite accidents.

7. DON'T USE IN DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT. Don't use power tools in damp or wet locations, or expose them to rain. Keep work area well-lit.

8. KEEP CHILDREN AND VISITORS AWAY. All children and visitors should be kept a safe distance from work area.

9. MAKE WORKSHOP CHILDPROOF – with padlocks, master switches, or by removing starter keys.

10. DON'T FORCE TOOL. It will do the job better and be safer at the rate for which it was designed.

11. USE RIGHT TOOL. Don't force tool or attachment to do a job for which it was not designed.

12. WEAR PROPER APPAREL. No loose clothing, gloves, neckties, rings, bracelets, or other jewelry to get caught in moving parts. Non-slip footwear is recommended. Wear protective hair covering to contain long hair.

13. ALWAYS USE SAFETY GLASSES. Wear safety glasses. Everyday eyeglasses only have impact resistant lenses; they are not safety glasses. Also use face or dust mask if cutting operation is dusty.

14. SECURE WORK. Use clamps or a vise to hold work when practical. It's safer than using your hand and frees both hands to operate tool.

15. DON'T OVERREACH. Keep proper footing and balance at all times.

16. MAINTAIN TOOLS IN TOP CONDITION. Keep tools sharp and clean for best and safest performance. Follow instructions for lubricating and changing accessories.

17. DISCONNECT TOOLS before servicing and when changing accessories such as blades, bits, cutters, etc.

18. USE RECOMMENDED ACCESSORIES. The use of accessories and attachments not recommended by us may cause hazards or risk of injury to persons.

19. REDUCE THE RISK OF UNINTENTIONAL STARTING. Make sure switch is in "OFF" position before plugging in power cord.

20. NEVER STAND ON TOOL. Serious injury could occur if the tool is tipped or if the cutting tool is accidentally contacted.

21. CHECK DAMAGED PARTS. Before further use of the tool, a guard or other part that is damaged should be carefully checked to ensure that it will operate properly and perform its intended function – check for alignment of moving parts, binding of moving parts, breakage of parts, mounting, and any other conditions that may affect its operation. A guard or other part that is damaged should be properly repaired or replaced.

22. DIRECTION OF FEED. Feed work into a blade or cutter against the direction of rotation of the blade or cutter only.

23. NEVER LEAVE TOOL RUNNING UNATTENDED. TURN POWER OFF. Don't leave tool until it comes to a complete stop.

24. DRUGS, ALCOHOL, MEDICATION. Do not operate tool while under the influence of drugs, alcohol or any medication.

25. MAKE SURE TOOL IS DISCONNECTED FROM POWER SUPPLY while motor is being mounted, connected or reconnected.

26. WARNING: The dust generated by certain woods and wood products can be injurious to your health. Always operate machinery in well ventilated areas and provide for proper dust removal. Use wood dust collection systems whenever possible.

UNPACKING

Your new 15" Planer is shipped complete in one crate mounted to a shipping skid. Remove the wooden crate from around the machine and remove the two screws that fasten the machine to the shipping skid. Remove the machine and all loose items from the shipping skid. **IMPORTANT:** The machine is very heavy. Care must be taken when removing the machine from the skid.

Figure 2 illustrates the machine removed from the crate and shipping skid.

Figure 3 illustrates the loose items supplied with your machine.

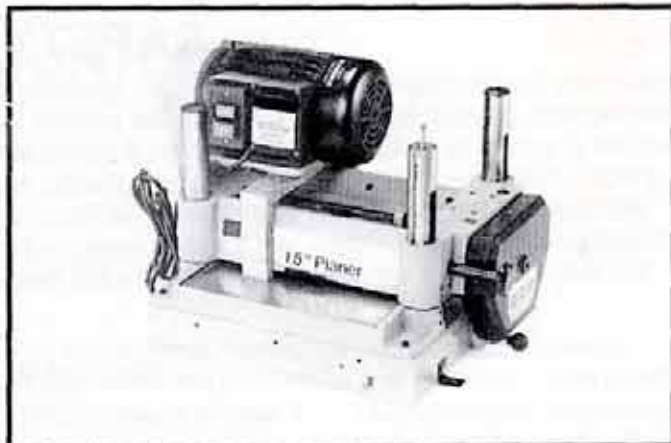


Fig. 2

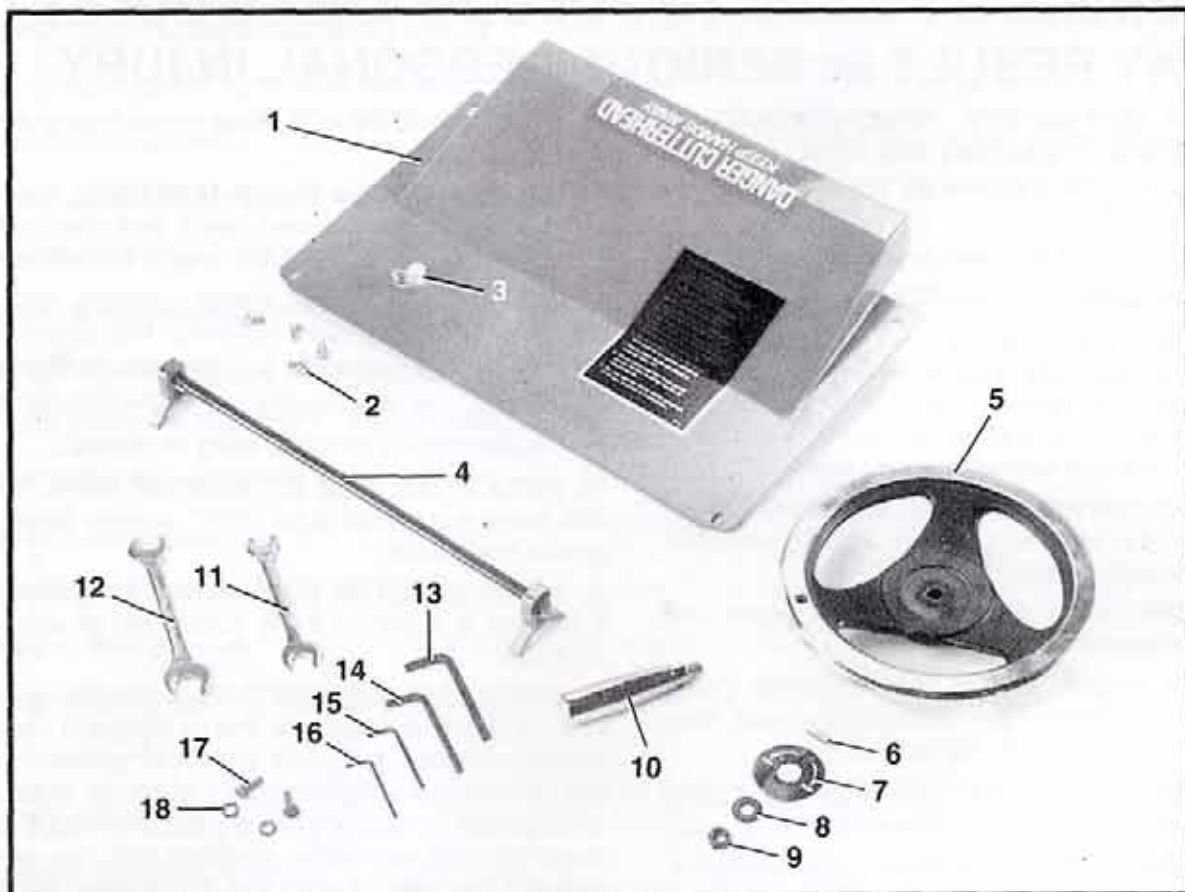


Fig. 3

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 - Top cover | 11 - Open end wrench(10 and 12mm) |
| 2 - M6×16mm hex flange screw(4)- for fastening top cover to machine | 12 - Open end wrench(14 and 17mm) |
| 3 - Cord clamp | 13 - Hex wrench(6mm) |
| 4 - Knife setting gage | 14 - Hex wrench(5mm) |
| 5 - Raising and lowering handwheel | 15 - Hex wrench(3mm) |
| 6 - Key for raising and lowering handwheel | 16 - Hex wrench(2.5mm) |
| 7 - Decal for raising and lowering handwheel | * 17 - M6×16mm Screw(2)- for fastening switch bracket to machine |
| 8 - M10 flat washer for raising and lowering handwheel | * 18 - M6 flat washer(2)- for fastening switch bracket to machine |
| 9 - M10 hex nut for raising and lowering handwheel | |
| 10 - Handle for raising and lowering handwheel | |

* Supplied with three phase machines only

REMOVING SHIPPING STRAPS

1. Remove screw (A) Fig.4, and remove and discard shipping strap (B) From base of machine. Remove remaining shipping strap from other side of machine in the same manner.

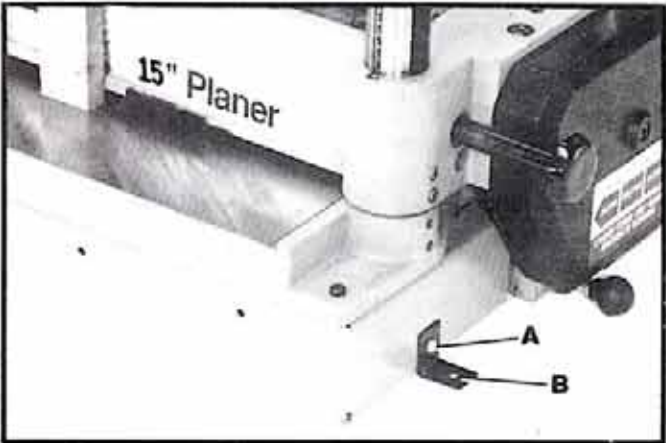


Fig. 4

ASSEMBLING CUTTINGHEAD RAISING AND LOWERING HANDWHEEL

1. Insert key (A) Fig.5, into keyway (B) of raising and lowering shaft.

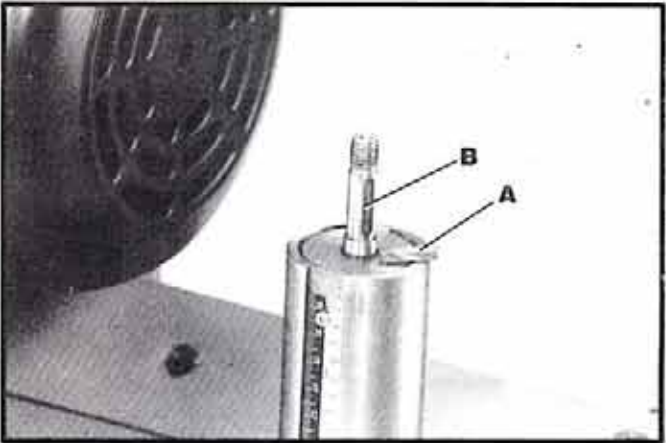


Fig. 5

2. Assemble handwheel (C) Fig.6, to raising and lowering shaft as shown. Make sure key, which was assembled to shaft in **STEP 1**, is engaged with keyway in hub of handwheel (C).

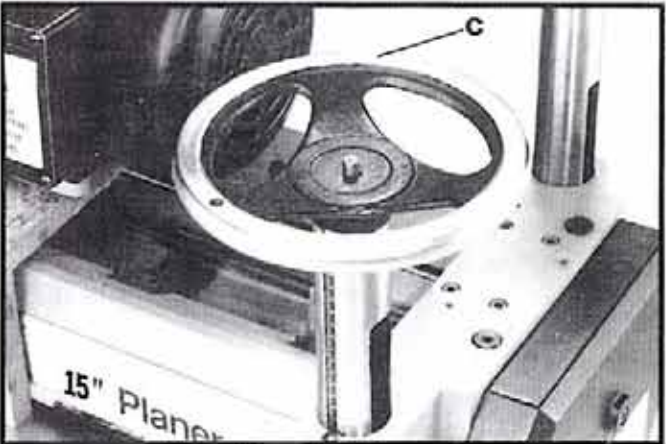


Fig. 6

3. Assemble decal (D) Fig.7, to raising and lowering shaft as shown.

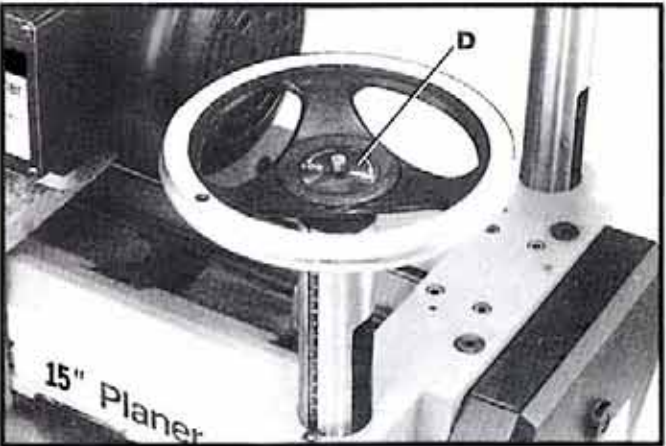


Fig. 7

4. Fasten handwheel (C) Fig.8, to raising and lowering shaft using flat washer and nut (E) supplied.

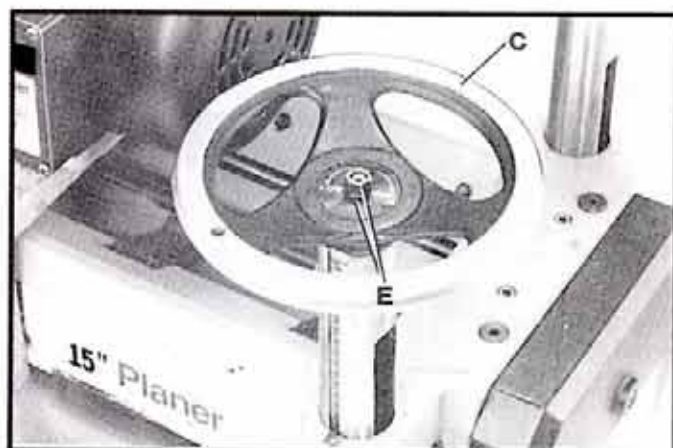


Fig. 8

5. Assemble handle (F) Fig.9, to handwheel (C) as shown.

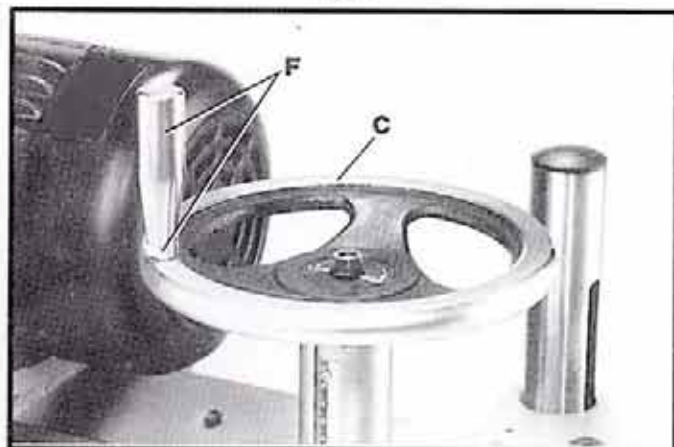


Fig. 9

6. Loosen two head locking knobs, one of which is shown at (G) Fig. 10, and turn handwheel assembly (H) clockwise to raise head assembly. Remove the protective wooden shipping block (J).

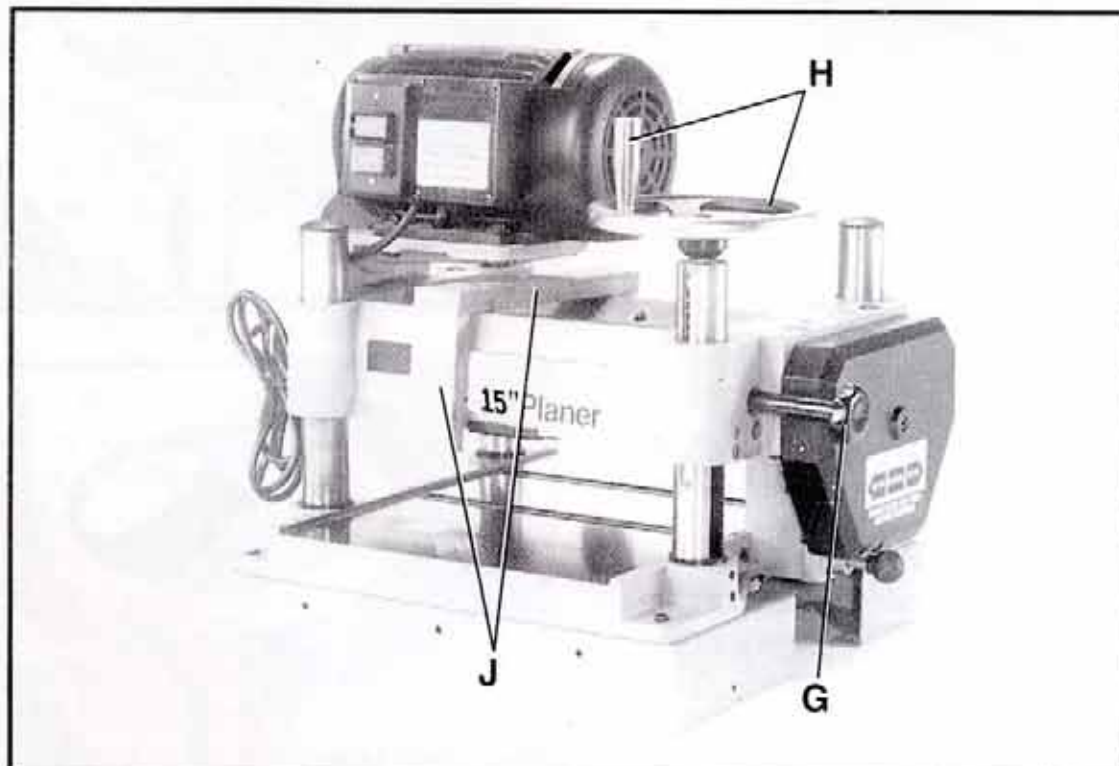
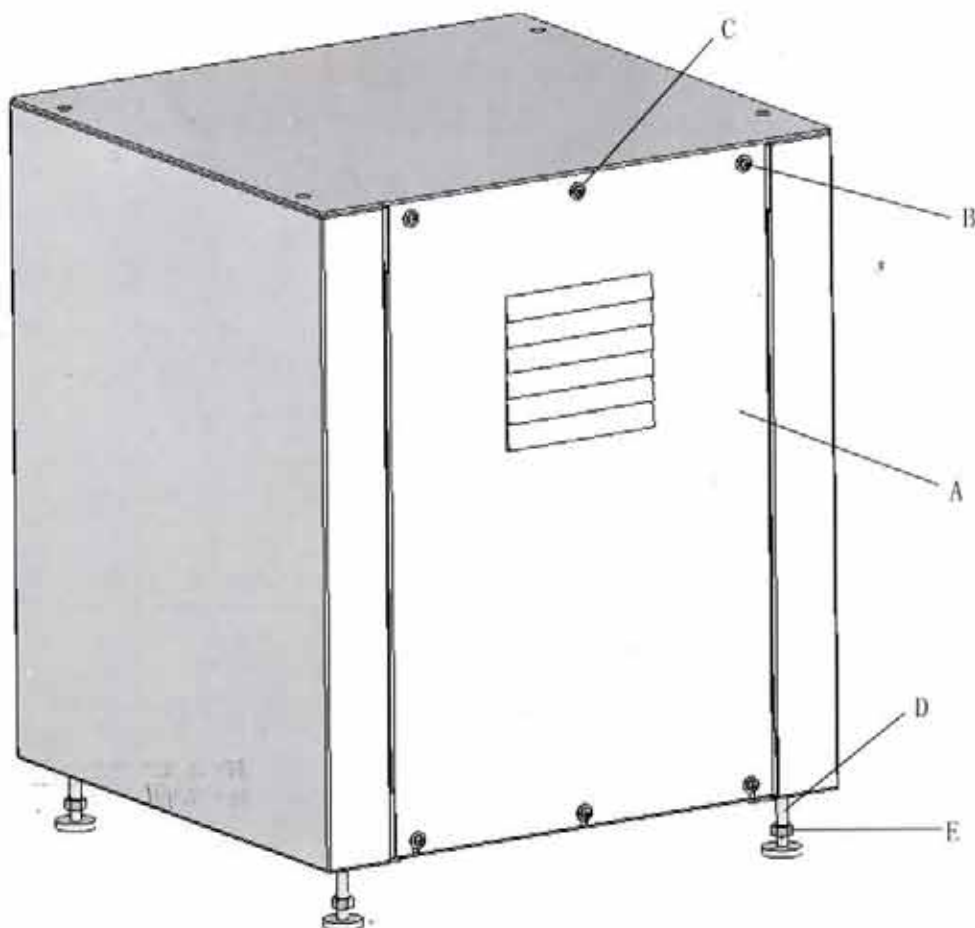


Fig. 10



ASSEMBLING CABINET STAND

To assemble the cabinet stand, the steps as follows:

1. Open the shipping carton and take out the cabinet. Remove six cross pan hd screws (B) and flat washers (C), Fig.11. Take off the front panel (A) and take out the hardware package supplied in the cabinet.
2. Insert four adjusting screws (D) and Hex Nut (E) to the four holes on the bottom of cabinet. Adjust screw(s) (D) to acquire suitable leveling of the cabinet then tight Hex Nuts (E).
3. Lifting the planer to position it on cabinet (refer to "LIFTING THE MACHINE"). Use the screws supplied to fasten planer on cabinet then put on the front panel (A) again. **Note:** Place the planer on the cabinet with the front (infeed) end of the machine to the front panel (A).

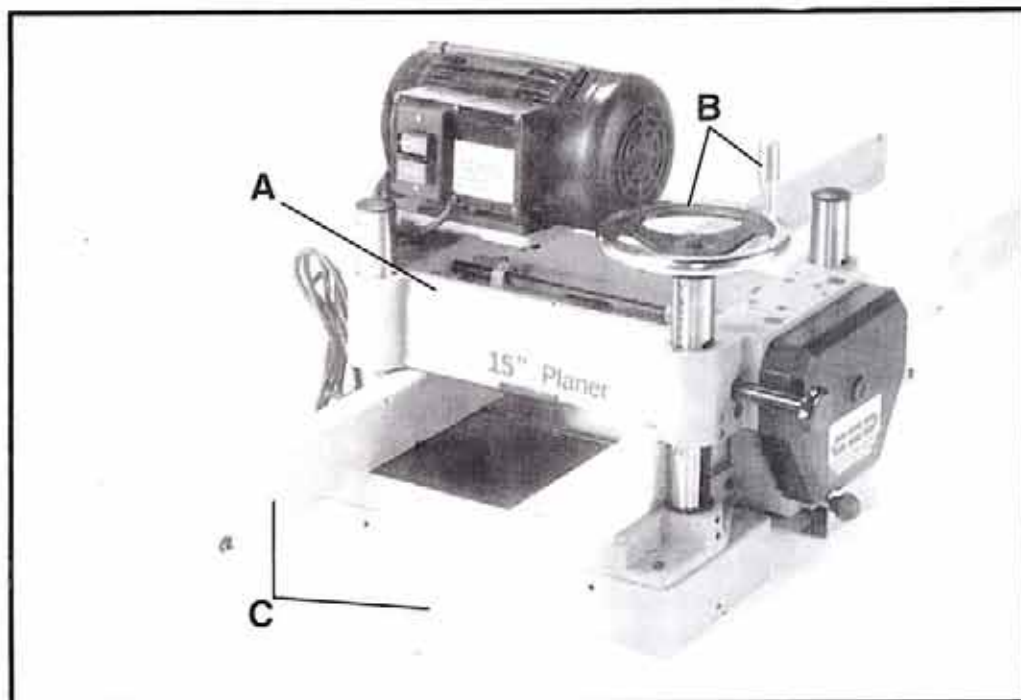


Fig. 12

LIFTING THE MACHINE

1. **IMPORTANT: CARE MUST BE TAKEN WHEN LIFTING THE MACHINE ONTO A STAND OR WORKBENCH. THE PLANER IS VERY HEAVY AND A MINIMUM OF FOUR PEOPLE WILL BE REQUIRED TO LIFT THE MACHINE AS FOLLOWS:**

2. Raise the cuttinghead (A) Fig. 12, by turning the raising and lowering handwheel (B) clockwise, and insert two 6 or 8 foot long 2×4 's (C) between the cuttinghead and table as shown. Make sure the 2×4 's (C) are positioned solidly between the table and cuttinghead so they will not rotate during lifting. Then with two people on each end of the 2×4 's, move the machine to its desired location.

ASSEMBLING TOP COVER AND DUST CHUTE

1. Fasten the top cover and dust chute (A) Fig. 13, to the top of the planer, as shown, using the three screws (B) supplied. **IMPORTANT:** The dust chute opening (C) must point to the rear as shown.

2. Fasten the left corner of the cover to the top of the planer using the remaining screw (D) Fig. 14, and cord clamp (E). **NOTE:** The motor cord (F) must be inserted and positioned into the cord clamp as shown.

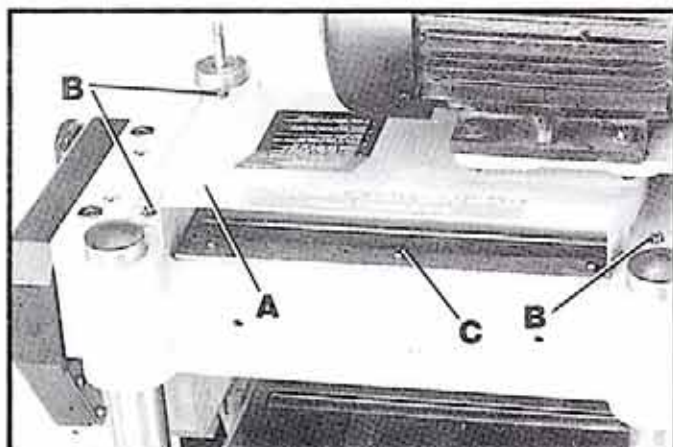


Fig. 13

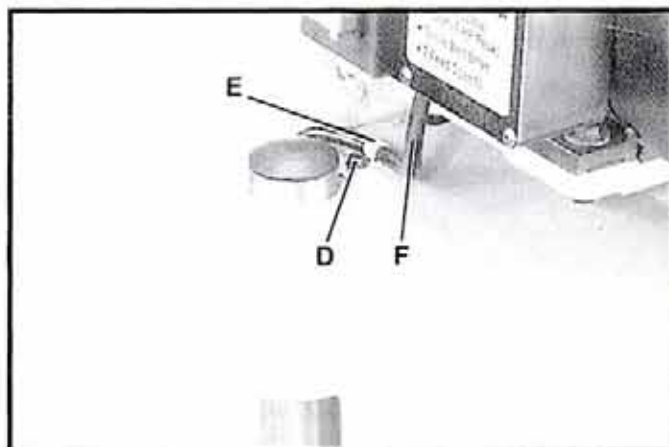


Fig. 14

CONNECTING PLANER TO POWER SOURCE

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

The motor supplied with your 15" Planer is a 3 horsepower, single phase motor. The motor is wired for 220 Volt operation.

Before connecting your machine to an electrical power system, be sure the motor rating agrees with the electrical system it is to be connected to. We also recommend that # 12 wire, fused with a 20 amp, dual element time lag fuse, be used to supply power to all machines regardless of their electrical rating.

230 VOLT, SINGLE PHASE OPERATION

If the motor on your machine is wired for 230 Volt, Single Phase operation, the power cord from the motor is equipped with a plug that has two flat, current-carrying prongs in tandem, and one round or "U"-shaped longer ground prong, as shown in Fig. 15. This plug is used only with the proper mating 3-conductor grounding type receptacle as shown.

When the three prong plug on your machine is plugged into a grounded 3-conductor receptacle, as shown in Fig. 15, the long ground prong on the plug contacts first so that the machine is properly grounded before electricity reaches it.

WARNING: MAKE SURE THE RECEPTACLE IN QUESTION IS PROPERLY GROUNDED. IF YOU ARE NOT SURE, HAVE A CERTIFIED ELECTRICIAN CHECK THE RECEPTACLE.

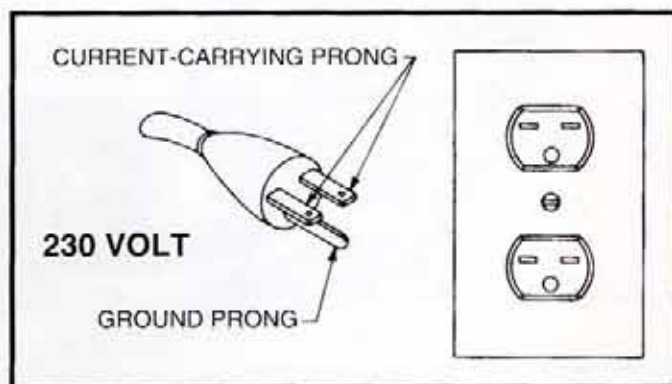


Fig. 15

OPERATING CONTROLS AND ADJUSTMENTS

STARTING AND STOPPING MACHINE SINGLE PHASE MACHINE

The on-off push button switch is located on the motor junction box. To turn the machine "ON" push the start button (A) Fig. 16, and to turn the machine "OFF" push the stop button (B).

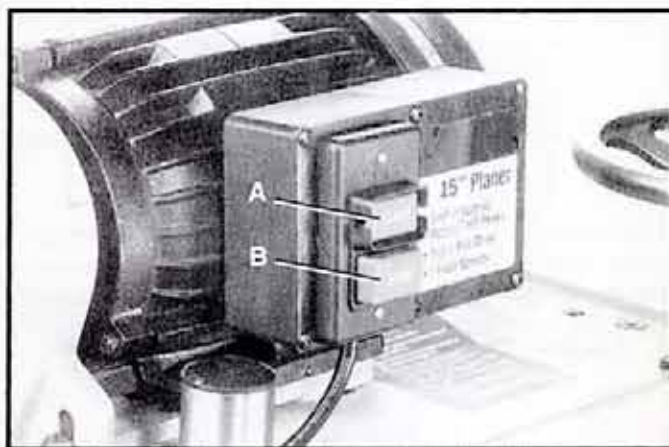
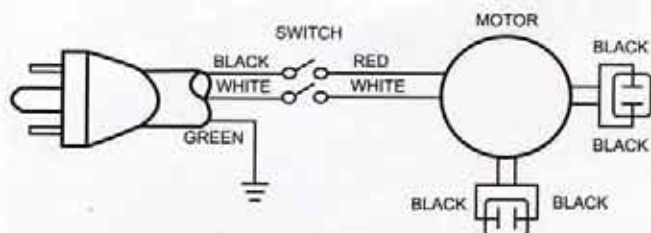


Fig. 16

LOCKING SWITCH IN THE "OFF" POSITION

SINGLE PHASE MACHINE ONLY

IMPORTANT: We suggest that when the planer is not in use, the on-off switch be locked in the "OFF" position using a padlock (C) Fig. 17. through the two holes in back of the start button as shown. Available as an accessory from Jinteng is the 50-325 padlock, shown at (C).

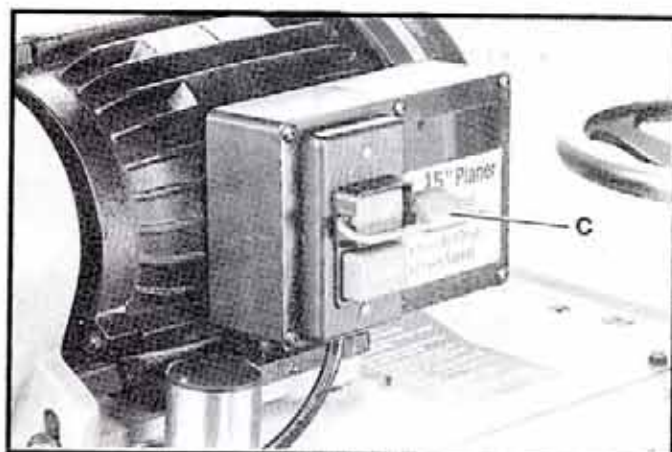


Fig. 17



Fig. 18

DEPTH OF CUT ADJUSTMENT

The depth of cut on your planer is controlled by raising or lowering the head assembly (A) Fig. 18, which contains the cutterhead and feed rolls. The head assembly (A) raises and lowers on four precision ground steel columns, three of which are shown at (B). To adjust for depth of cut, simply loosen the two head assembly lock knobs, one of which is shown at (C), and turn the head raising and lowering handwheel (D). Turning the handwheel (D) clockwise, raises the head assembly and counter-clockwise, lowers the head assembly. Then tighten the two head assembly lock knobs (C).

The maximum depth of cut when planing stock narrower than 6 inches wide is $3/16$ " when the stock is run through the planer on one side or the other of the cutterhead. A limiter (E) Fig. 19, is provided to limit the depth of cut to $1/8$ " on stock wider than 6 inches.



Fig. 19

FEED ROLL SPEED CONTROL

Two feed roll speeds of 16 and 30 feet per minute are provided with your planer. Generally speaking, the slower feed rate provides more cuts per inch, thus a finer, smoother finish of the workpiece is obtained. A good rule to follow would be to operate the machine at the faster feed rate for general planing and switch to the slower feed rate for the final finished dimension of the workpiece. When planing wide stock (wider than 8") particularly in hard wood, the slower feed roll speed (16 feet per minute) is more desirable as there is less strain on the motor and a better finish is obtained since there are more cuts per inch of stock length.

When the shifter knob (A) Fig. 20, is pushed all the way in as shown, the feed roll speed will be 30 feet per minute.



Fig. 20

When the shifter knob (A) Fig. 21, is pulled all the way out as shown, the feed roll speed will be 16 feet per minute.

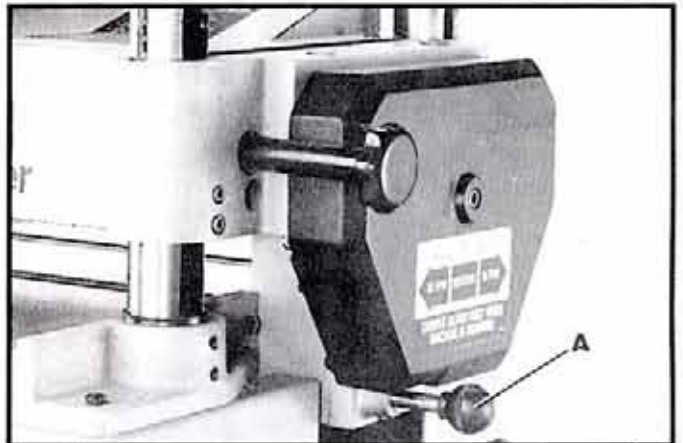


Fig. 21

When the shifter knob (A) Fig. 22, is in the center (neutral) position as shown, the feed rolls are disengaged and the machine will stop feeding.

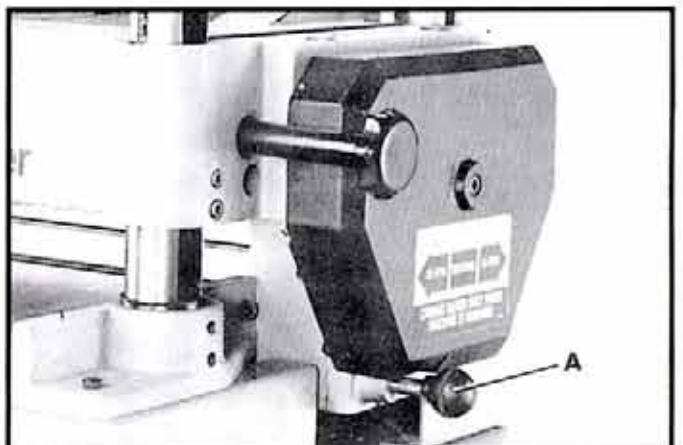


Fig. 22

IMPORTANT: ONLY CHANGE FEED ROLL SPEEDS WHEN THE MACHINE IS RUNNING.



Fig. 23

ANTI-KICKBACK FINGERS

A series of anti-kickback fingers (A) Fig. 23, are provided on the infeed planer, to prevent kickback of the workpiece during the planing operation. These anti-kickback fingers operate by gravity and no adjustment is required. It is necessary, however, to inspect them occasionally to make sure they are free of gum and pitch and that they move independently and operate correctly.

WARNING: WHEN INSPECTING AND CLEANING THE ANTI-KICKBACK FINGERS, MAKE SURE THE MACHINE IS DISCONNECTED FROM THE POWER SOURCE.

ADJUSTING BELT TENSION

1. DISCONNECT THE MACHINE FROM THE POWER SOURCE.

2. Remove four screws (A) Fig. 24, and remove the belt and pulley guard cover (B).

3. Place a 2 x 4 (D) Fig. 25, between the motor plate and the top of the head casting as shown.

4. Loosen the two screws (C) Fig. 25, and pry up on motor plate until correct belt tension is obtained. Correct tension is when there is approximately 1/4" deflection in the center span of the belts using light finger pressure. Then tighten the two screws (C) and replace belt and pulley guard cover.

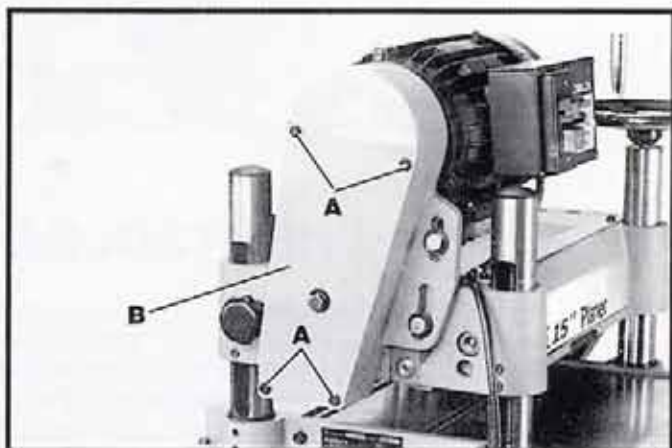


Fig. 24

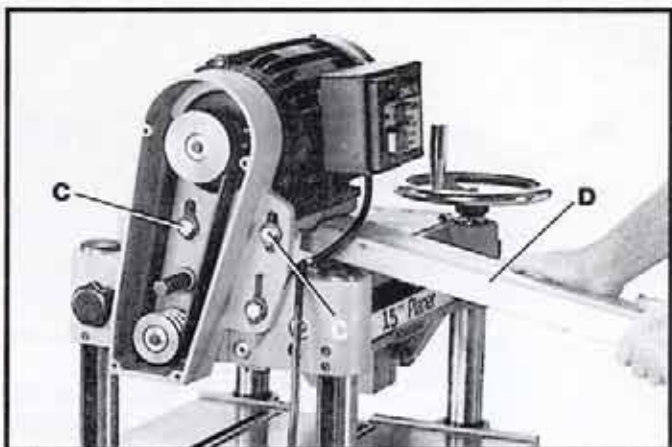


Fig. 25

CHECKING, ADJUSTING AND REPLACING KNIVES

To check, adjust or replace the knives, proceed as follows:

1. DISCONNECT THE MACHINE FROM THE POWER SOURCE.
2. Remove four screws (A) Fig. 26 and Fig. 27, and remove top cover (B).
3. Loosen two screws (C) Fig. 28, and pivot motor assembly (D) to the front, as shown in Fig. 29. **NOTE:** Belt tension is not disturbed when pivoting the motor forward. **WARNING: THE CUTTERHEAD AND KNIVES ARE NOW EXPOSED AND CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN AS THE KNIVES ARE VERY SHARP.**
4. Remove the three screws (E) Fig. 30, and remove the chip deflector (F).
5. To check and adjust the knives, proceed as follows:
 - A. Carefully place the knife setting gage (G) Fig. 31, on the cutterhead as shown.
 - B. When the knives are adjusted correctly, the knife (H) Fig. 32, should just contact the bottom of the gage (J), at each end of the gage. Check the remaining two knives in the same manner.
 - C. If any of the knives require an adjustment, slightly loosen the knife locking bar in each of the three knife slots by turning the locking screws (Two of which are shown at (K) Fig. 33), clockwise into the locking bar just enough to relieve stress in the cutterhead but not disturb the setting of the knives.
 - D. To adjust the knife that must be reset, loosen all five locking screws, two of which are shown at (K) Fig. 33, by turning them clockwise into the lock bar. Then using the wrench supplied, turn allen screw (L) Fig. 33, counterclockwise to lower or clockwise to raise the knife on each end of the cutterhead until the cutting edge of knife (H) Fig. 32, just touches the bottom of the gage (J). Then snug up the knife locking bar by lightly backing out the five locking screws, two of which are shown at (K) Fig. 33, against the knife slot. **IMPORTANT: AT THIS TIME, ONLY TIGHTEN THE KNIFE INTO THE SLOT ENOUGH TO HOLD IT IN POSITION.**
 - E. If additional knives must be reset, repeat **STEP D**.
 - F. After all three knives are set, back out and tighten the five locking screws, two of which are shown at (K) Fig. 33, against the slot, starting with the end screws first, then the center screws until the knife is securely held in the cutterhead. Tighten the remaining two knives in the same manner.
6. If the knives are removed for sharpening, care must be exercised in replacing and resetting them, as follows:
 - A. Remove the three knives, locking bar and locking screws from the cutterhead.
 - B. Thoroughly clean the knife slots, knife bars and screws. Check the screws. If the threads appear worn or stripped or if the heads are becoming rounded, replace them.
 - C. Insert knives, knife locking bars and screws into all three slots in the cutterhead. Back out the locking screws, two of which are shown at (K) Fig. 33, just enough to hold all three knives in the cutterhead.
 - D. Adjust all three knives as explained under **STEP 5**.
7. **IMPORTANT:** After knives have been adjusted, replace chip deflector that was removed in **STEP 4**, top cover that was removed in **STEP 2** and return motor assembly to the upright position.

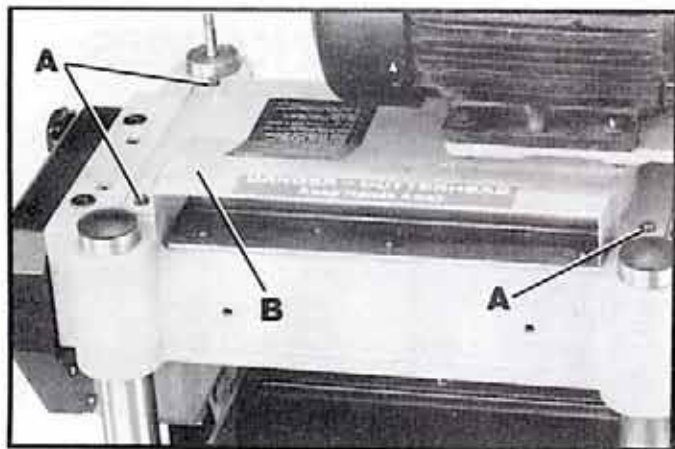


Fig. 26



Fig. 27

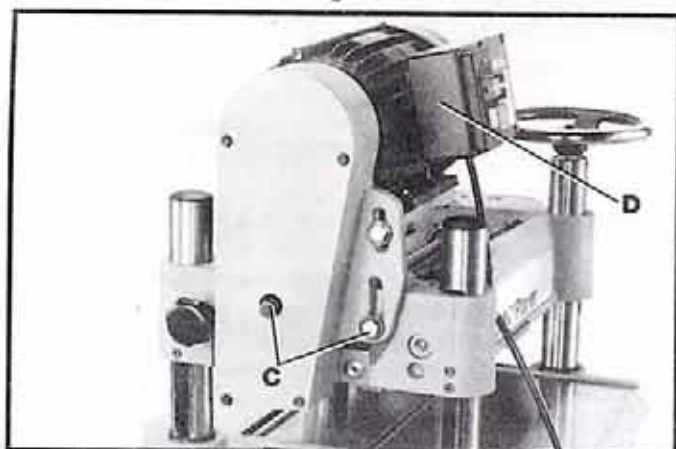


Fig. 28

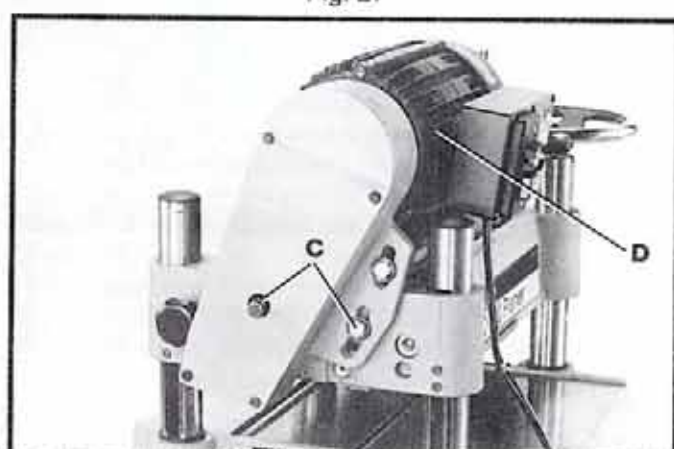


Fig. 29

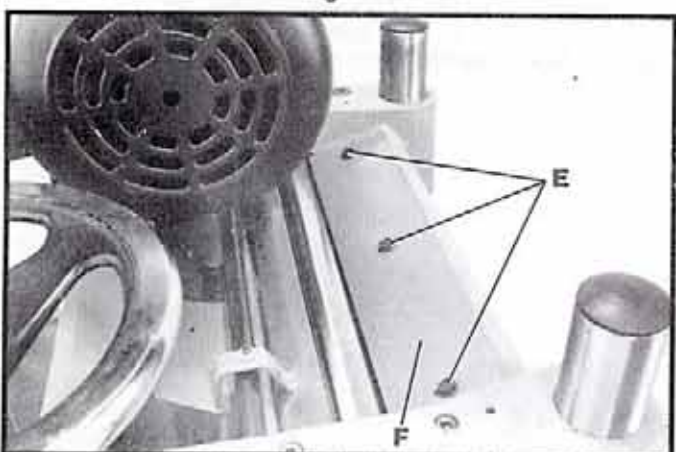


Fig. 30

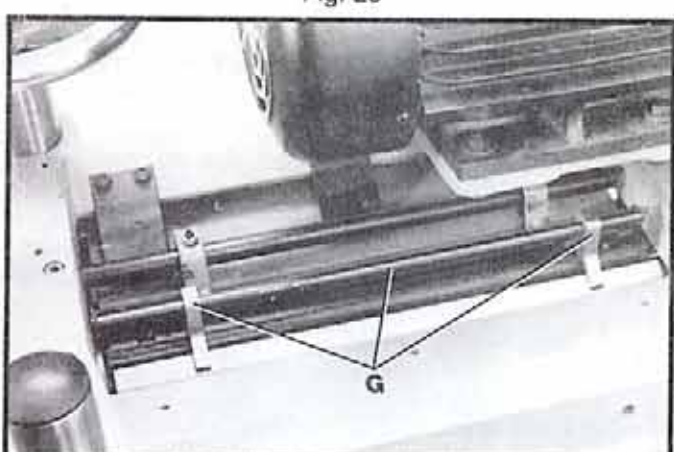


Fig. 31

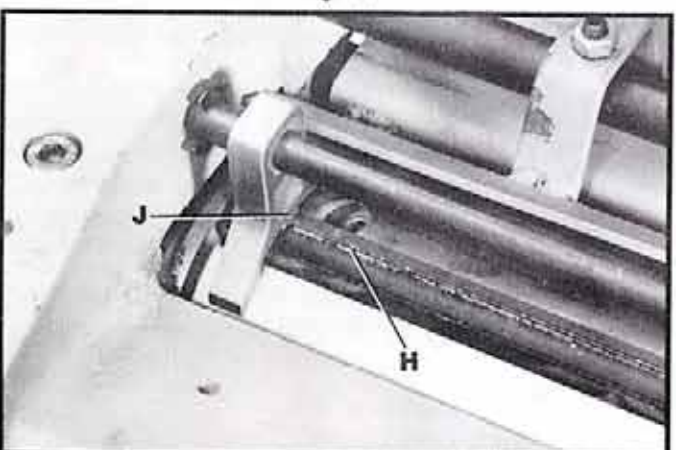


Fig. 32

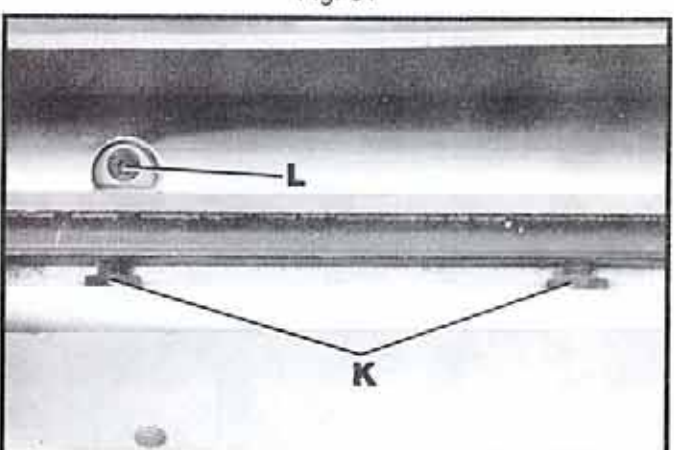


Fig. 33

CONSTRUCTING GAGE BLOCK

In order to check and adjust the height of the chipbreaker, infeed and outfeed roll and adjust the cutterhead parallel to the table, you will need a homemade gage block made of hard wood. This gage block can be easily constructed by following the dimensions shown in Fig. 34.

ADJUSTING HEIGHT OF CHIPBREAKER

The chipbreaker extends down around the front of the cutterhead and raises as stock is fed through the planer. The chipbreaker "breaks or curls" the chips as they leave the cutterhead and the bottom edge of the chipbreaker helps hold the stock flat down on the table during the planing operation. The bottom of the chipbreaker must be parallel to the knives and set 0.020" below the cutting circle. To check and adjust, proceed as follows:

1. **DISCONNECT THE MACHINE FROM THE POWER SOURCE.**

2. Make certain the knives are adjusted properly as explained under "CHECKING, ADJUSTING AND REPLACING KNIVES."

3. Place the gage block (A) Fig. 35, on the table directly under the cutterhead as shown. Using a 0.020" feeler gage (B) placed on top of the gage block, raise or lower the head assembly until one of the knives just touches the feeler gage when the knife is at its lowest point. Then lock the head assembly in this position.

4. Place the gage block (A) Fig. 36, minus the feeler gage under one end of the chipbreaker (C), as shown. The bottom of the chipbreaker (C) should just touch the top of the gage block, as shown.

5. If the height of the chipbreaker must be adjusted, remove the top cover of the machine. Loosen nut (D) Fig. 37, and turn screw (E) until that end of the chipbreaker is properly adjusted. Then tighten nut (D).

6. Place the gage block on the other end of the chipbreaker and if an adjustment is necessary loosen nut (F) .37, and turn adjusting screw (G).

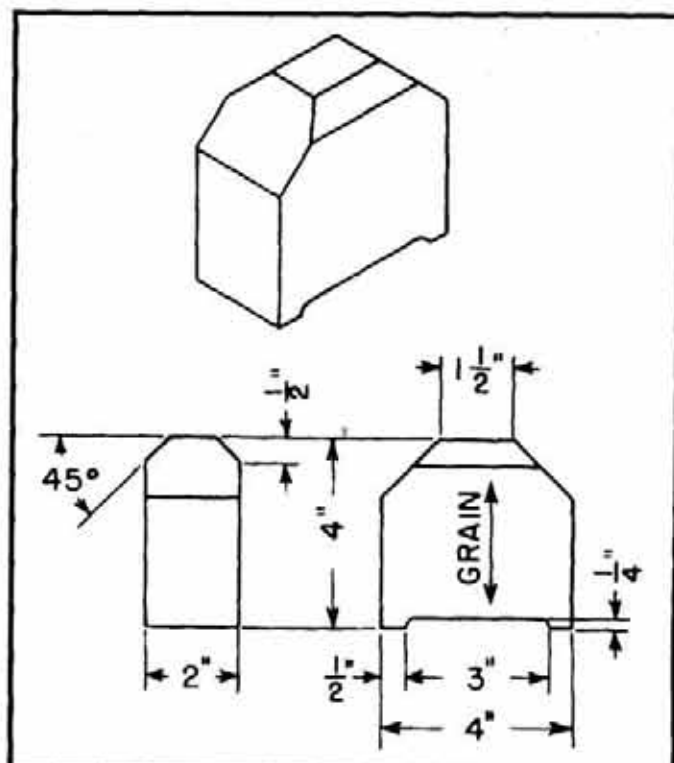


Fig. 34

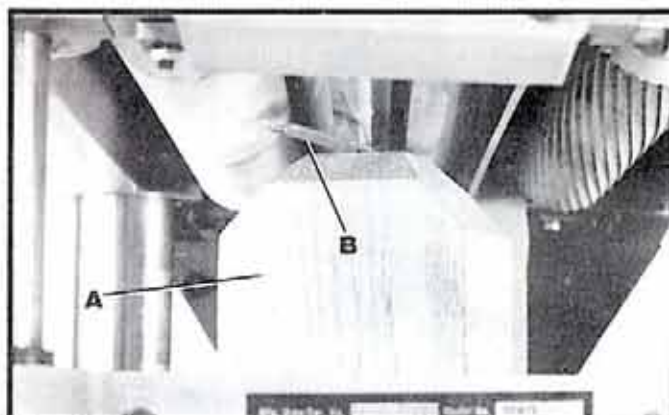


Fig. 35

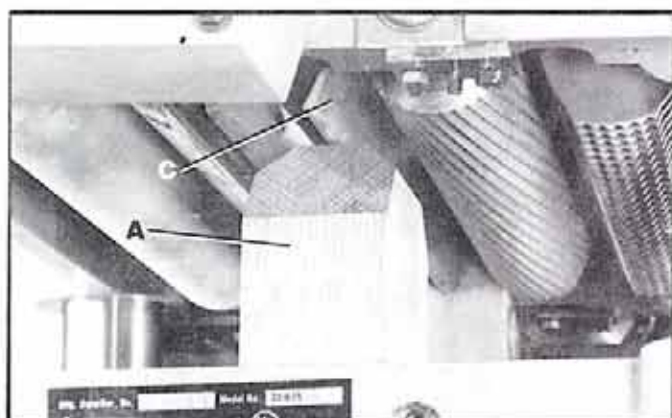


Fig. 36

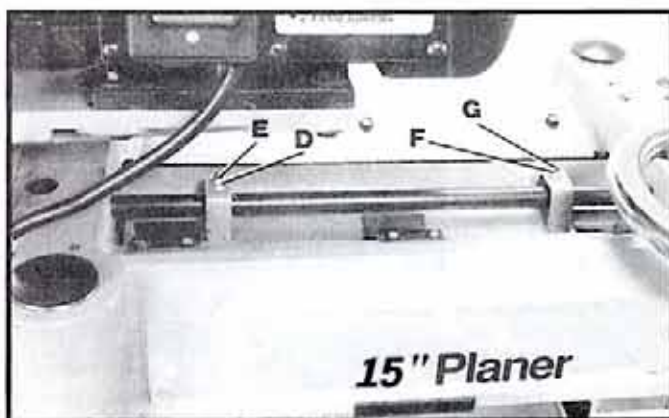


Fig. 37

ADJUSTING HEIGHT OF INFEED ROLL

The infeed roll is adjusted at the factory at 0.040" below the cutting circle. To check and adjust the height of the infeed roll, proceed as follows:

1. **DISCONNECT THE MACHINE FROM THE POWER SOURCE.**

2. Make sure the knives are adjusted properly as explained under "**CHECKING, ADJUSTING AND REPLACING KNIVES.**"

3. Place the gage block (A) Fig. 38, on the table directly underneath the cutterhead, as shown. Using a 0.040" feeler gage (B) placed on top of the gage block, raise or lower the head assembly until one of the knives just touches the feeler gage when the knife is at its lowest point. Then tighten the head locking knobs.

4. Move the gage block (A) Fig. 39, minus the feeler gage, under one end of the infeed roll (C). The bottom of the infeed roll (C) should just touch the top of the gage block (A), as shown.

5. If the height of the infeed roll must be adjusted, loosen nut (D) Fig. 39, and turn adjusting screw (E) until that end of the infeed roll just touches the top of the gage block. Then tighten nut (D).

6. Repeat this adjustment with the gage block on the opposite end of the infeed roll.

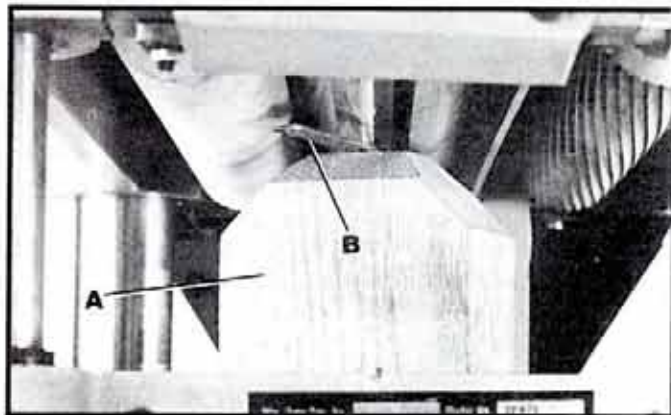


Fig. 38

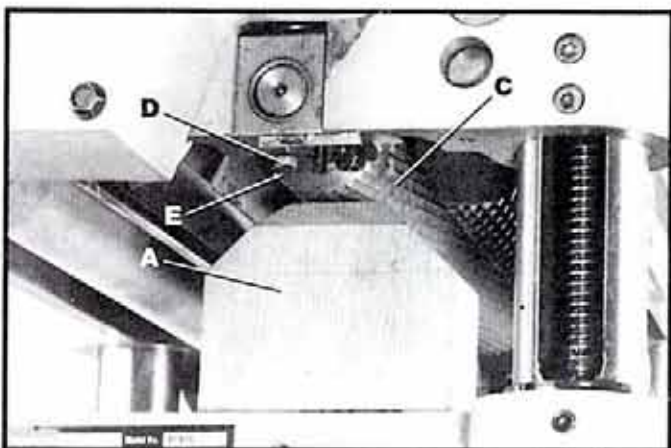


Fig. 39

ADJUSTING HEIGHT OF OUTFEED ROLL

The outfeed roll is adjusted at the factory to be 0.040" below the cutting circle. To check and adjust the height of the outfeed roll, proceed as follows:

1. **DISCONNECT THE MACHINE FROM THE POWER SOURCE.**

2. Make sure the knives are adjusted properly as explained under "**CHECKING, ADJUSTING AND REPLACING KNIVES.**"

3. Place the gage block (A) Fig. 40, on the table directly underneath the cutterhead, as shown. Using a 0.040" feeler gage (B) Fig. 40, placed on top of the gage block as shown, raise or lower the head assembly until one of the knives just touches the feeler gage when the knife is at its lowest point. Then tighten the head locking knobs.

4. Move the gage block (A) Fig. 41, minus the feeler gage, under the end of the outfeed roll (C). The bottom of the outroll (C) should just touch the top of the gage block (A).

5. If the height of the outfeed roll must be adjusted, loosen nut (D) Fig. 41, and turn screw (E) until the outfeed roll is properly adjusted.

6. Repeat this adjustment procedure on the opposite end of the outfeed roll in the same manner.

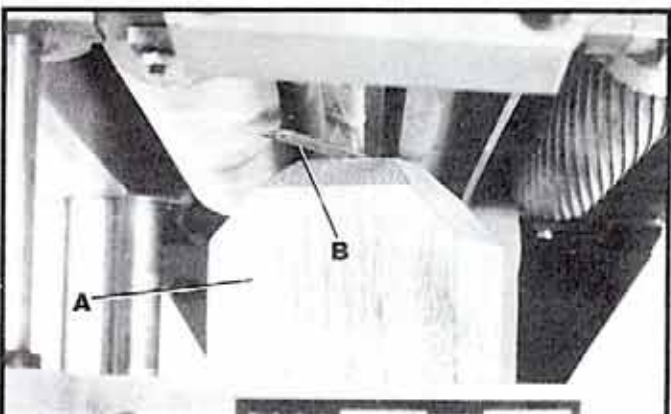


Fig. 40

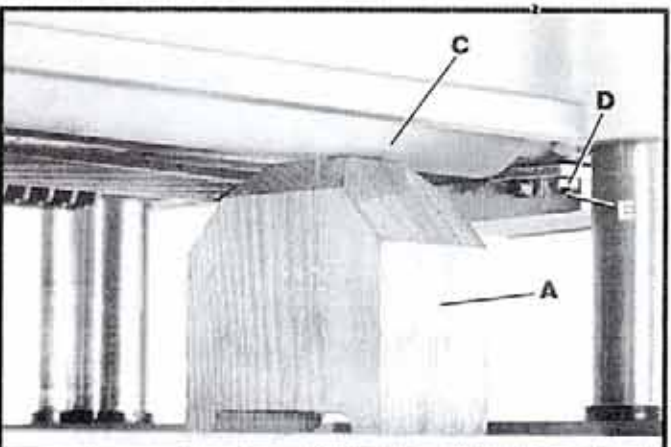


Fig. 41

ADJUSTING SPRING TENSION OF INFEED AND OUTFEED ROLLS

The infeed and outfeed rolls are those parts of your planer that feed the stock while it is being planed. The feed rolls are under spring tension and this tension must be sufficient to feed the stock uniformly through the planer without slipping but should not be too tight that it causes damage to the board. The tension should also be equal at both ends of each roll.

To adjust the spring tension of the infeed roll, turn two screws, one of which is shown at (A) Fig. 42. The other screw is located on the opposite side of the machine. A good starting point to use in setting tension of the infeed roll is to adjust the two screws (A) until there are **FOUR** threads showing above the table casting. To increase or decrease the spring tension further, adjust screws (A).

To adjust the spring tension of the outfeed roll, turn two screws, one of which is shown at (B) Fig. 42. The other screw is located on the opposite side of the machine. A good starting point to use in setting the spring tension of the out-

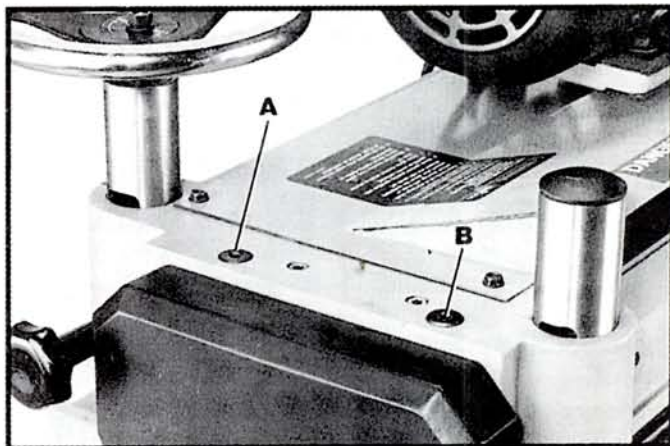


Fig. 42

feed roll is to adjust the two screws (B) until there is **ONE** thread showing above the table casting. To increase or decrease the spring tension further, adjust screws (B).

ADJUSTING TABLE ROLLS

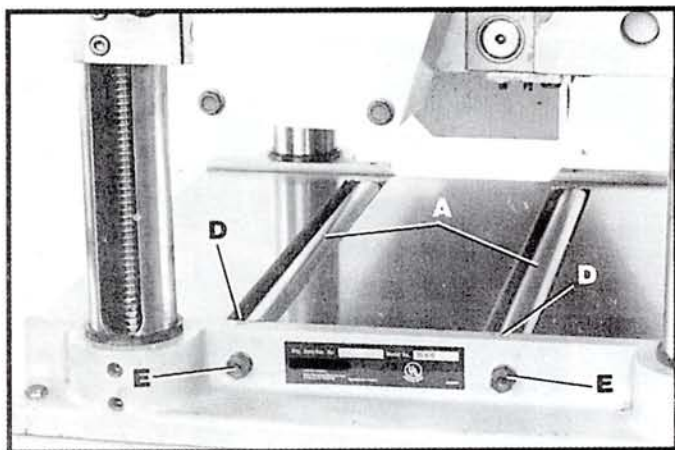


Fig. 43

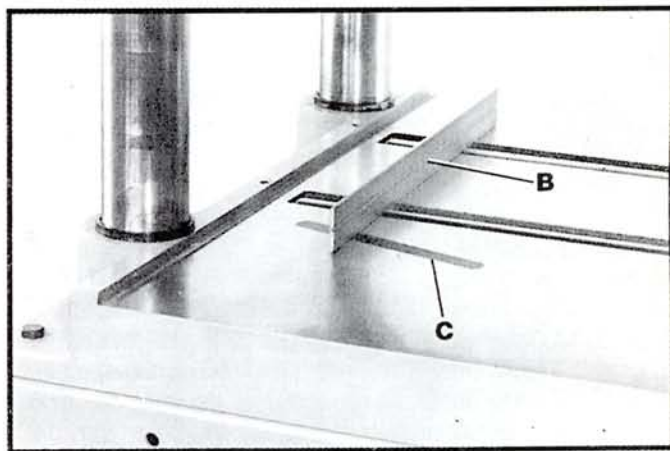


Fig. 44

Your planer is supplied with two table rolls (A) Fig. 43, which aid in feeding the stock by reducing friction and turn as the stock is fed through the planer. It is not possible to give exact dimensions on the proper height setting of the table rolls because each type of wood behaves differently. As a general rule, however, when planing rough stock the table rolls should be set **HIGH** (0.003" to 0.005") above the table surface and when planing finish stock the table rolls should be set **LOW**, 0.001" above the table surface or level with the table surface.

The table rolls on your planer are set for average planing and are parallel to the table surface. If you desire to adjust the table rolls higher or lower, proceed as follows:

1. **DISCONNECT THE MACHINE FROM THE POWER SOURCE.**

2. Lay a straight edge (B) Fig. 44, across both rolls and with a feeler gage (C) underneath the straight edge as shown, adjust height of table rolls by loosening set screws (D) Fig. 43, and turn screws (E) to raise or lower table rolls (A). Table rolls must be adjusted on the opposite end of table in the same manner. The table rolls must always be set parallel to the table. **IMPORTANT:** The adjustment screws (E) Fig. 43, on both sides of the planer are on eccentrics and care should be taken when adjusting to keep the rolls from leading the stock to one side or the other. This can be accomplished by turning screws (E) Fig. 43, clockwise to raise or lower the rolls and turning the two screws on the opposite end of the rolls counterclockwise or vice versa.

ADJUSTING CUTTINGHEAD PARALLEL TO TABLE

The cuttinghead is set parallel to the table at the factory and no further adjustment should be necessary. If your machine is planing a taper, first check to see if the knives are set properly in the cutterhead. Then check to see if the cuttinghead is set parallel to the table as follows:

1. **DISCONNECT THE MACHINE FROM THE POWER SOURCE.**

2. Place gage block (A) Fig. 45, on table directly under front edge of head casting (B) as shown. Lower head casting until front edge of head casting (B) just touches the top of the gage block.

3. Move gage block (A) Fig. 46, to opposite end of table, as shown. Distance from table to edge of head casting should be the same.

4. Repeat **STEPS 2 and 3** on outfeed end of table.

5. If head casting is not parallel to table, tilt planer on its side as shown in Fig. 47. Remove bolt (C) and loosen bolt (D) Fig. 47, which will allow you to move the idler sprocket assembly (E) far enough to release tension on chain as shown in Fig. 48. Remove chain from sprocket on end of headcasting that must be adjusted. In this case chain has been removed from sprocket (F).

6. Turn sprocket (F) Fig. 48, by hand to bring that corner into adjustment with the other three corners. **IMPORTANT: THIS ADJUSTMENT IS VERY SENSITIVE AND IT SHOULD NOT BE NECESSARY TO TURN THE SPROCKET MORE THAN ONE OR TWO TEETH.** Turning sprocket (F) clockwise will decrease the distance between the table and headcasting. Counterclockwise will increase the distance.

7. Replace chain being careful not to disturb the position of the sprockets and replace idler sprocket assembly (E) Fig. 47.

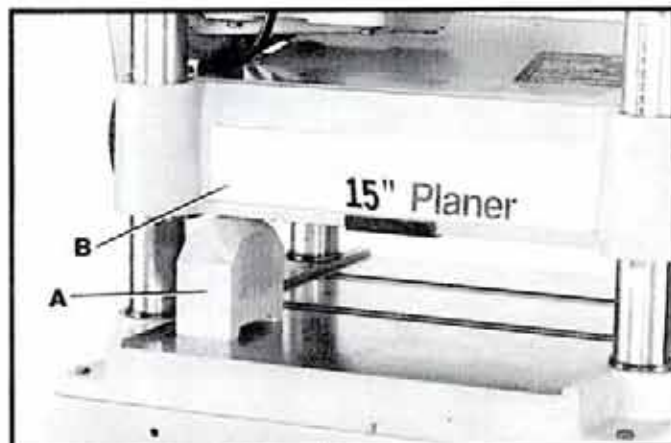


Fig. 45

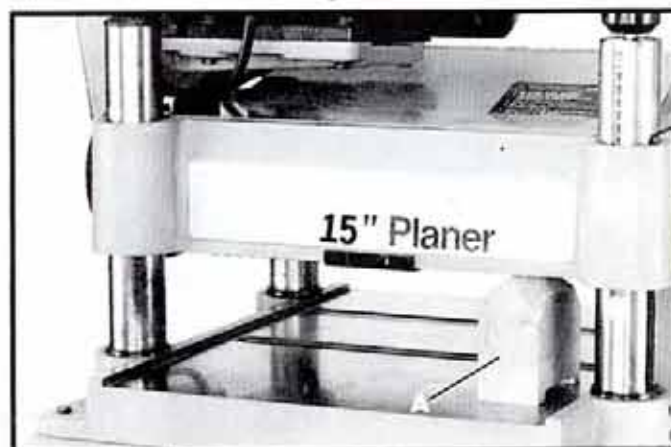


Fig. 46

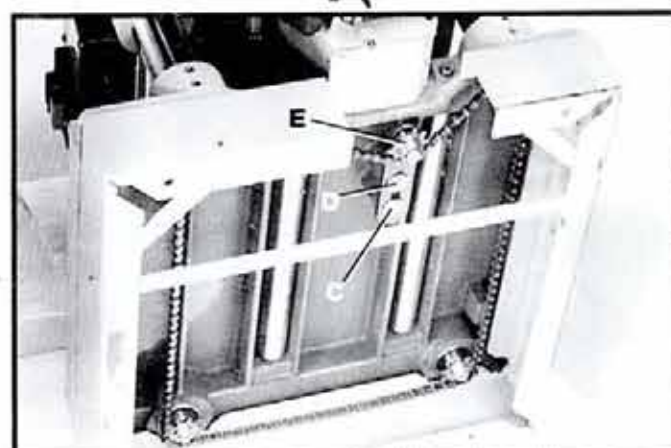


Fig. 47

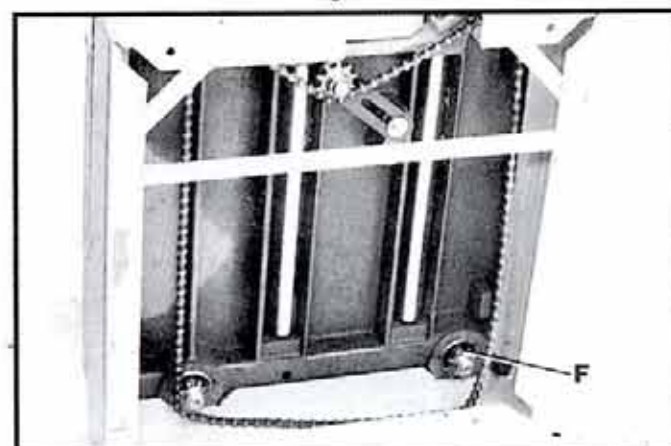


Fig. 48

LUBRICATION

The gear box oil should be changed once a year using extreme pressure gear oil. The gear box drain plug is shown at (A) Fig.49. The oil fill and level plug is shown at (B) Fig.50.



Fig. 49

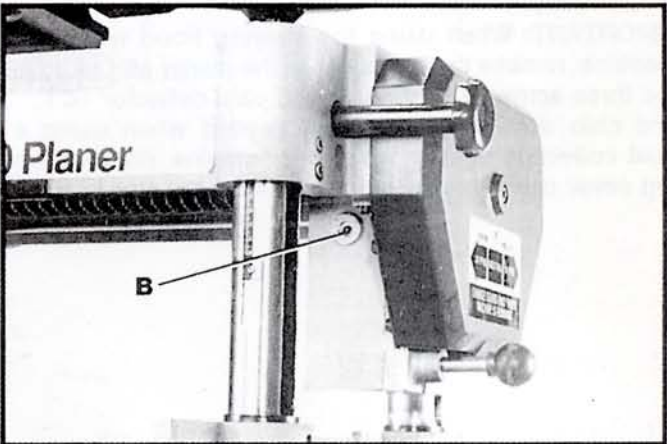


Fig. 50

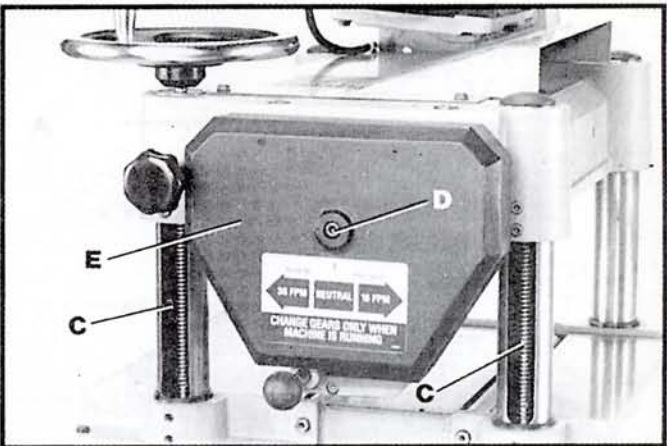


Fig. 51

The four raising screws, two of which are shown at (C) Fig.51, should be lubricated as required using a common grease.

Periodically remove screw (D) Fig.51, and side cover (E) . Thoroughly clean chains and sprockets (F) Fig.52, and lubricate using a light machine oil . Replace side cover .

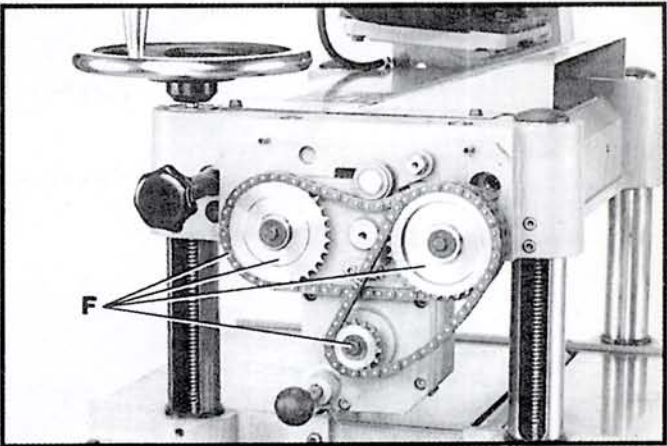


Fig. 52

ACCESSORY 22-678 SHAVING HOOD

Available as an accessory for your 15" Planer is the 22-678 Shaving Hood (A) Fig. 53, which is assembled to the rear of the machine, as shown, using two screws and washers. When the shaving hood (A) is connected to a dust collection system, it provides an efficient means of maintaining a clean and safe work area.

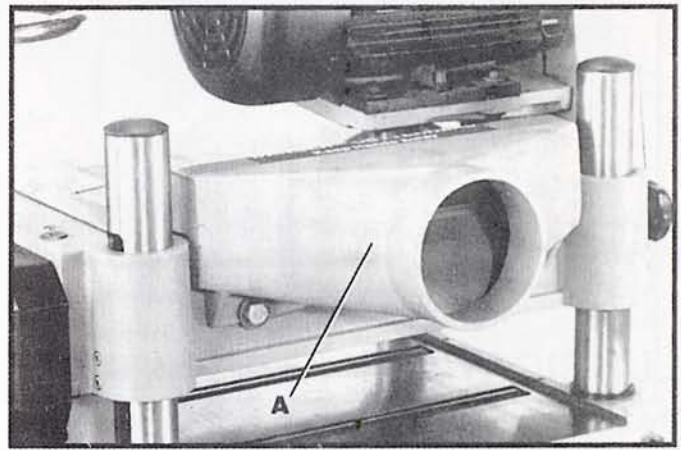


Fig. 53

IMPORTANT: When using the shaving hood with your machine, remove the top cover of the planer and remove the three screws (B) Fig. 54, and chip deflector (C). The chip deflector (C) is not needed when using a dust collection system with your machine. Replace the top cover of the planer before operation.

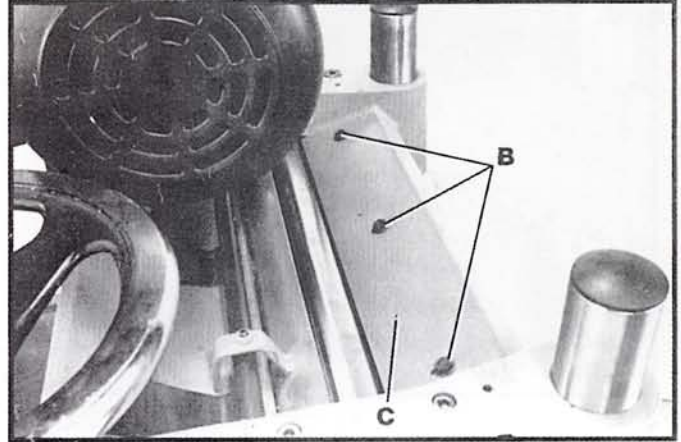
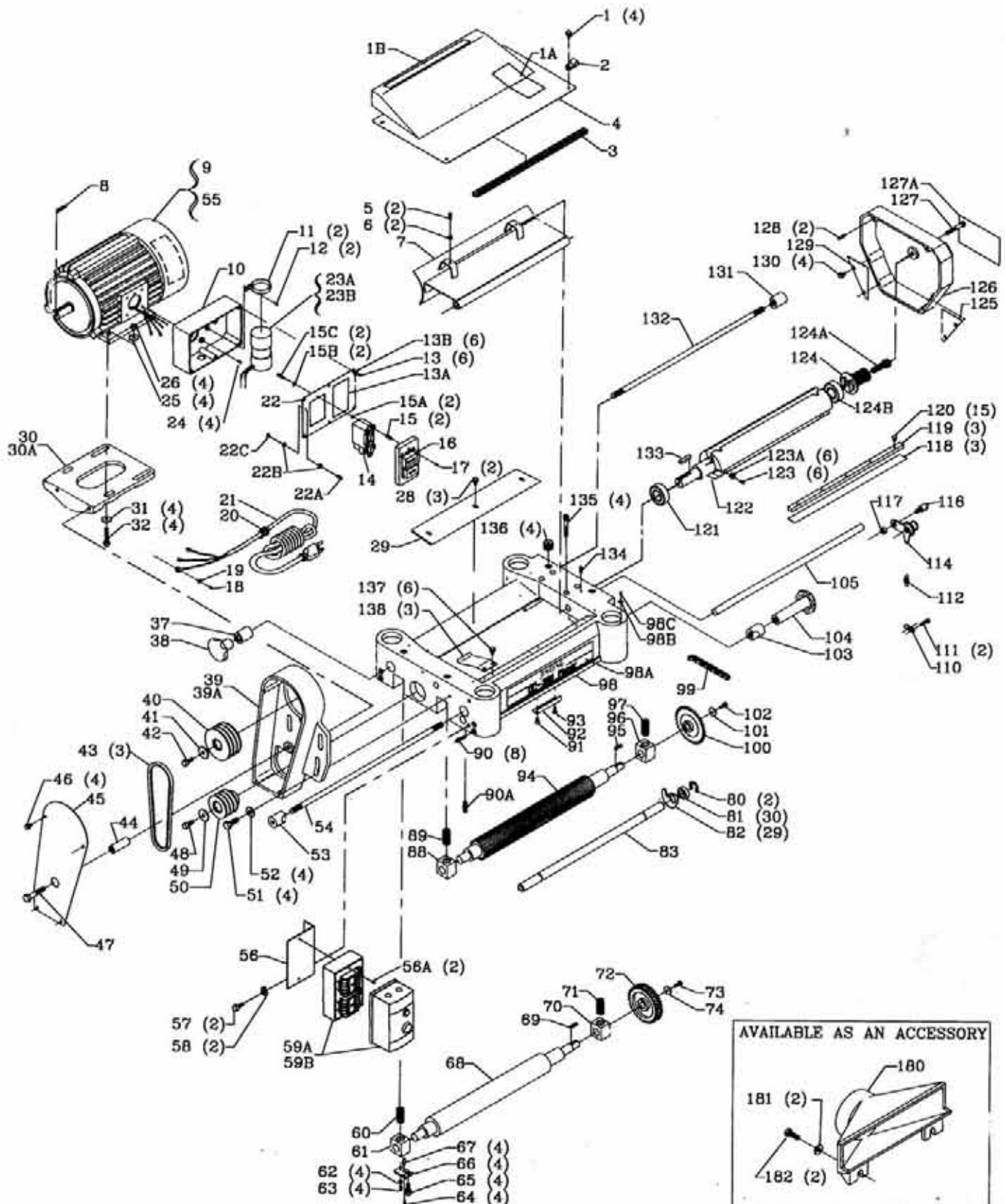


Fig. 54

15" PLANER CT090



REPLACEMENT PARTS

REF. NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	M6 x 16MM HEX FLANGE SCR
1A	WARNING LABEL
1B	WARNING LABEL
2	CLAMP
3	SEAL
4	UPPER COVER
5	M6 x 18MM HEX SOC SET SCR
6	M6 HEX NUT
7	CHIP BREAKER
8	KEY
9	MOTOR ASSY (MODEL 22-680, 3HP, 1PH), INCL:
10	SWITCH BOX
11	CLAMP
12	M4.2 x 10MM PAN HD SCR
13	M4.2 x 10MM PAN HD SCR
13A	FEATURE LABEL
13B	3/16" EXT TOOTH WASHER
14	1 PH MANUAL SWITCH
15	SPACER
15A	# 06-32 HEX NUT
15B	EXT TOOTH WASHER
15C	# 06-32 x 5/16" PAN HD SCR
16	SWITCH COVER ASSY
17	# 06-32 x 1/4" ROUND HD SCR
18	M5 x 16MM PAN HD SCR
19	M5.3 EXT TOOTH WASHER
20	BUSHING
21	POWER CORD
22	SWITCH PLATE
22A	# 10-24 x 3/8" PAN HD SCR
22B	3/16" EXT TOOTH WASHER
22C	# 10-24 HEX NUT
23A	CAPACITOR (500 UF)
23B	CAPACITOR (20 UF, MODEL 22-680, 3HP, 1PH)
24	M5 x 20MM CHEESE HD SCR
25	M8.4 FLAT WASHER
26	M8 HEX NUT
28	M6 x 12MM HEX FLANGE SCR
29	DEFLECTOR PLATE
30	MOTOR BRACKET (CMO)
30A	MOTOR BRACKET (EMO)
31	M8.4 FLAT WASHER
32	M8 x 45MM HEX HD SCR
37	BUSHING
38	KNOB
39	PULLEY GUARD (CMO)
39A	PULLEY GUARD (EMO)
40	MOTOR PULLEY
41	M8.4 FLAT WASHER
42	M8 x 20MM HEX HD SCR
43	V-BELT (SET OF 3)
44	SPACER
45	PULLEY COVER
46	M6 x 12MM HEX FLANGE SCR
47	M10 x 80MM HEX HD SCR
48	M8 x 25MM HEX HD SCR
49	M8.4 FLAT WASHER
50	CUTTERHEAD PULLEY
51	M10 x 30MM HEX HD SCR
52	M10.5 FLAT WASHER
53	BUSHING
54	LOCK BOLT
55	MOTOR ASSY (MODEL 22-681, 3HP, 3PH)
56	BRACKET (3PH ONLY)
56A	M4 x 10MM CHEESE HD SCR (3PH ONLY)
57	M6 x 16MM HEX HD SCR (3PH ONLY)
58	M6.1 LOCK WASHER (3PH ONLY)
59A	MOTOR STARTER (3PH, 200/220V)
59B	MOTOR STARTER (3PH, 440V)
* *	CONNECTOR (QTY 2)
* *	MOTOR CORD
60	SPRING
61	ROLLER BUSHING

REF. NO.	DESCRIPTION
62	M5 HEX NUT
63	M5 x 12MM HEX SOC SET SCR
64	M4 x 16MM SPRING PIN
65	M8 x 16MM HEX HD SCR
66	PLATE
67	M5 x 20MM SPRING PIN
68	OUTFEED ROLLER
69	KEY
70	ROLLER BUSHING
71	SPRING
72	FEED SPROCKET
73	M6 x 15MM HEX HD SCR
74	M6.4 FLAT WASHER
80	EXT RET RING
81	COLLAR
82	ANT-KICKBACK FINGER
83	SHAFT
88	ROLLER BUSHING
89	SPRING
90	M6 x 20MM HEX SOC SET SCR
90A	M8 x 12MM HEX SOC SET SCR
91	M6 x 8MM FLAT HD SCR
92	LIMITER PLATE
93	M6 x 8MM FLAT HD SCR
94	INFEED ROLLER
95	KEY
96	ROLLER BUSHING
97	SPRING
98	HEAD CASTING
98A	NAMEPLATE
98B	POINTER
98C	RIVIT
99	CHAIN
100	FEED SPROCKET
101	M6.4 FLAT WASHER
102	M6 x 15MM HEX HD SCR
103	BUSHING
104	HANDLE
105	SHAFT
110	HANGER
111	M6 x 10MM HEX SOC HD SCR (SEE NOTE A)
112	SPRING
114	IDLER PULLEY ASSY
116	PIVOT
117	COLLAR
118	KNIVES (SET OF THREE)
119	KNIFE LOCKING BAR
120	SCR
121	BALL BEARING
122	CUTTERHEAD
123	M5 x 16MM HEX SOC SET SCR
123A	ADJUSTING NUT
124	PINION
124A	M6 x 20MM HEX SOC HD SCR
124B	BALL BEARING
125	PLATE
126	COVER
127	M8 x 45MM HEX SOC HD SCR
127A	GEARBOX LABEL
128	M6 x 20MM SPRING PIN
129	PLATE
130	M6 x 12MM HEX FLANGE SCR
131	BUSHING
132	LOCKBOLT
133	KEY
134	M6 x 18MM HEX SOC SET SCR
135	M8 x 50MM HEX SOC HD CR
136	ADJ. SCR
137	M6 x 12MM HEX FLANGE SCR
138	SPRING

AVAILABLE AS AN ACCESSORY

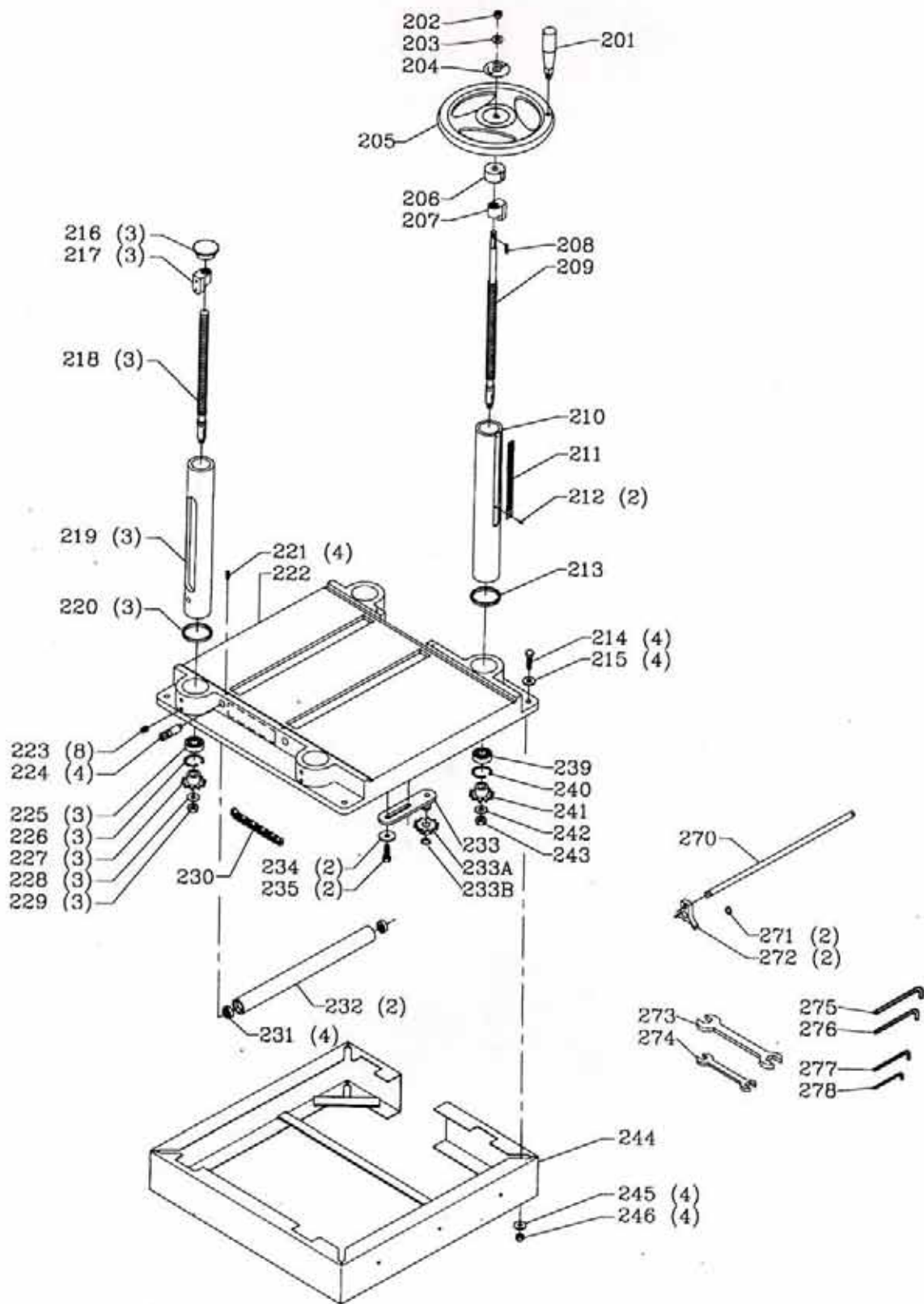
180	DUST HOOD, INCL:
181	M11.5 FLAT WASHER
182	M10 x 30MM HEX HD SCR

* * NOT SHOWN

EMO = EARLY MODELS ONLY

CMO = CURRENT MODELS ONLY

NOTE A: USE THREAD SEALANT WHEN REINSTALLING ITEM 111 FOR SERVICE.

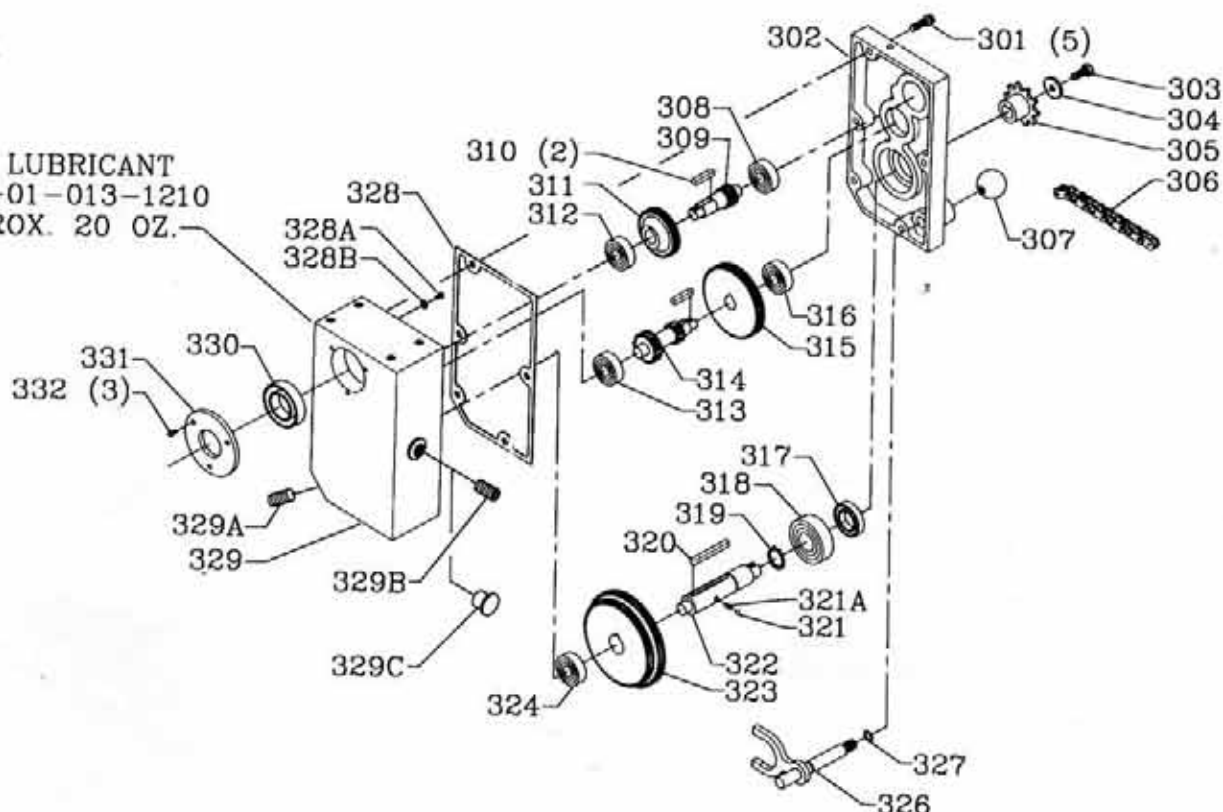


REPLACEMENT PARTS

<u>REF.</u> <u>NO.</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
201	HANDLE
202	M10 HEX NUT
203	M10 FLAT WASHER
204	DIRECTIONAL PLATE
205	HANDWHEEL
206	BUSHING
207	NUT
208	KEY
209	ELEVATING SCR
210	COLUMN
211	SCALE
212	M3 x 6MM CHEESE HD SCR
213	COLUMN SPACER
214	M8 x 30MM HEX HD SCR
215	M8.4 FLAT WASHER
216	COLUMN CAP
217	NUT
218	ELEVATING SCR
219	COLUMN
220	COLUMN SPACER
221	M6 x 16MM HEX SOC SET SCR
222	TABLE
223	M10 x 12MM HEX SOC SET SCR
224	ECCENTRIC STUD
225	BALL BEARING
226	INT RET RING
227	SPROCKET
228	M10 FLAT WASHER
229	M10 HEX NUT
230	CHAIN
231	BALL BEARING
232	BED ROLLER
233	SUPPORT ASSY, INCL:
233A	IDLER
233B	EXT RET RING
234	M8 FLAT WASHER
235	M8 x 20MM HEX HD SCR
239	BALL BEARING
240	INT RET RING
241	SPROCKET
242	M10 FLAT WASHER
243	M10 HEX NUT
244	BASE
245	M8.4 FLAT WASHER
246	M8 HEX NUT
*	KNIFE GAGE ASSY, CONST OF :
270	BAR
271	EXT RET RING
272	KNIFE GAGE BLOCK
273	WRENCH 14MM x 17MM
274	WRENCH 10MM x 12MM
275	6MM HEX WRENCH
276	5MM HEX WRENCH
277	3MM HEX WRENCH
278	2.5MM HEX WRENCH

* NOT SHOWN ASSEMBLED

USE LUBRICANT
999-01-013-1210
APPROX. 20 OZ.

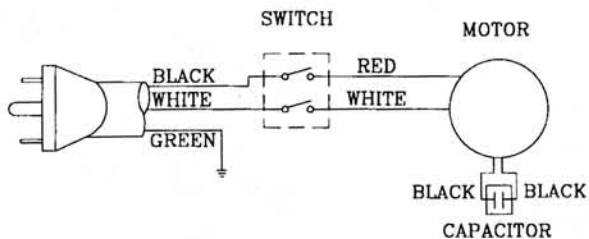


REF. NO.	DESCRIPTION
301	M6 x 20MM HEX SOC HD SCR
302	COVER
303	M8 x 16MM HEX HD SCR
304	M8.8 FLAT WASHER
305	SPROCKET
306	CHAIN
307	KNOB
308	BALL BEARING
309	PINION
310	KEY
311	GEAR
312	BALL BEARING
313	BALL BEARING
314	PINION
315	GEAR
316	BALL BEARING
317	OIL SEAL
318	BALL BEARING
319	EXT RET RING

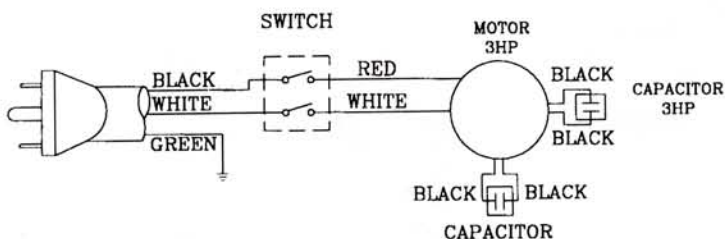
REF. NO.	DESCRIPTION
320	KEY
321	SPRING
321A	BALL
322	SHAFT
323	GEAR
324	BALL BEARING
325	HANDLE ROD ASSY
326	O-RING
327	GASKET
328	(DIN 84) M6 x 8MM CHEESE HD SCR
328A	M6.4 FLAT WASHER
328B	GEAR BOX HOUSING
329	PLUG
329A	PLUG
329B	PLUG
329C	OIL LEVEL PLUG
330	OIL SEAL
331	OIL SEAL COVER
332	M5 x 12MM PAN HD SCR
**	LUBRICANT (APPROX 20 OZ)

REPLACEMENT PARTS

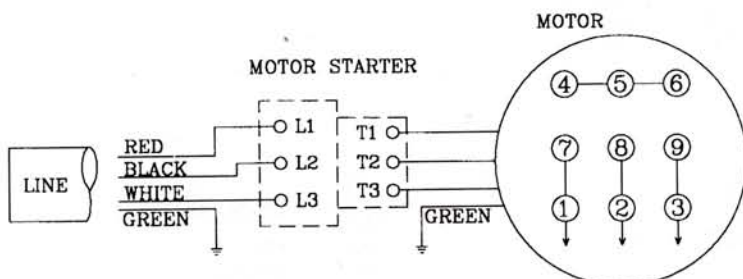
WIRING DIAGRAM FOR SINGLE PHASE
EARLY MODELS ONLY



WIRING DIAGRAM FOR SINGLE PHASE
CURRENT MODELS ONLY

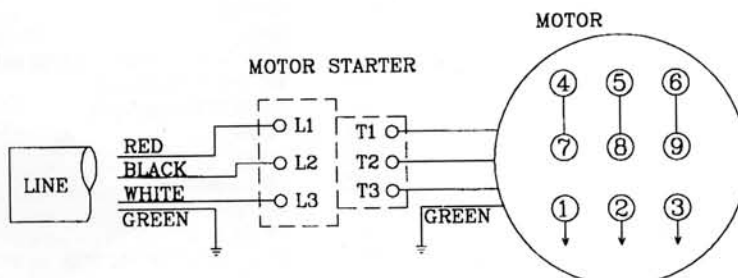


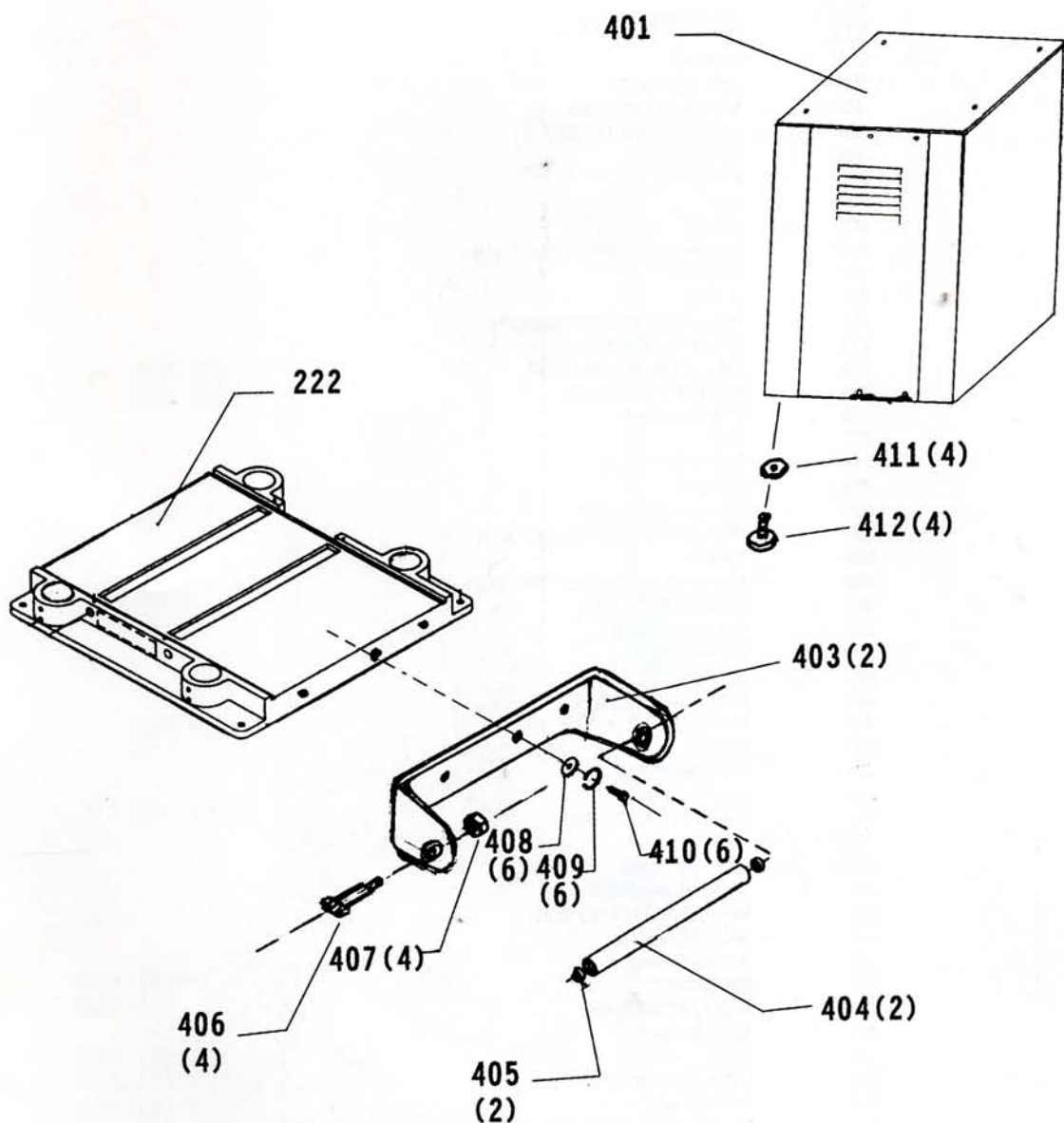
WIRING DIAGRAM FOR THREE PHASE, 200-220VAC



NOTE: OVERLOAD MUST BE ADJUSTED TO PROPER VOLTAGE FOR MOTOR

WIRING DIAGRAM FOR THREE PHASE, 440VAC





REF. NO.	DESCRIPTION
401	CABINET ASSY INCL:
222	TABLE
403	EXTENDED WORKING BRACKET
404	BED ROLLER
405	BALL BEARING
406	SPECIAL SCR
407	HEX NOT
408	FLAT WASHER
409	LOCK WASHER
410	M6 x 20 HEX SOC HD SCR
411	3/8 - 16 HEX NOT
412	PIASTIC COVERED PAD